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The Pittsburgh Gazette

Judge Sharswood on Legal Tenders—Extract from his Opinion in the Case of Borie vs. Trott.

"On the whole, then, I am of the opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February 26th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, *and a legal tender*, is UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it necessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful silver money or the United States. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant."

—*Copied from the Philadelphia Age of February*, 1864, where the opinion is published in full.

It may also be found in the *Legal Intelligencer* of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In the same copy of the *Age* is a carefully prepared eulogy of the Judge and his opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge Sharswood reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenbacks and Government bonds consider the Judge as quite too elevated and ethereal for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

A NICOLSON PAVEMENT CONTRACTOR in Cincinnati has succeeded in getting himself into a peck of trouble by performing his work in a loose and careless manner. He doubtless made a low bid for the job and endeavored to pull up by half performing the work, using barely enough gravel, sand and tar to hide a woeful deficiency of blocks, strips, boards and nails. Complaint having been made to the authorities of the poor character of the work, Councils appointed a special Committee to investigate the matter, interesting account of his trip. He asked of the principal Chinese authorities of the Island a thorough investigation, and an armed force had been sent to capture the murderers. This was promised.

THE RECENT STORM

Caused great damage to new buildings, wheat fields, railroads, bridges, &c. Several families living in shanties along Tiber creek were saved from drowning by the police. Many of the cellars in the lower wards were entirely submerged and others filled to the second story. One family was found in a basement, where the water was three feet deep. Altogether five males and two females, and a number of children were saved from death in their dwellings. First street was in one portion an inland river, Maryland, and seven th street, between M and the city limits, is impassable for vehicles. The dam at the Intersection of Seventeenth street and the canal, suffered damage to the extent of several thousand dollars. Much damage was done to the peach crop and corn fields in the city.

The storm was terrific in Montgomery and Frederick counties, Maryland. The roads have been inundated, and travel is suspended. The Acquia Creek Railroad track is completely submerged last night, but the road is all right again this morning to Aquia and Richmond. The New York train of last night, the here this morning, arrived late to-night.

THE REMOVAL OF JUDGE HOLT.

It is not true, as reported here this afternoon, that the Cabinet to-day had under consideration the question of relieving Judge Holt, Chief of the Bureau of Military Justice, although an Executive order to this effect within two days is not improbable.

DEATH OF MRS. WALBRIDGE.

Mrs. Mary Walbridge, the mother of Gen. Hiram Walbridge, of New York, died yesterday, after a long and painful illness, at Englesida, Dutchess county, New York.

ASSIGNED TO DUTY.

Brevet Major General Williams has been assigned to duty on the staff of General Steele.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ESCAPE IN DISGUISE.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Mexican advices state that Castello made his escape disguised as a woman.

A FENIAN SCARE.

A Fenian scare is becoming prevalent again in Montreal. The Brotherhood, it is apprehended, proposes a raid at the coming elections as a diversion in favor of the Devlin party.

MOBILE POLICE RESIGNING.

The white police in Mobile are resigning, as they are unwilling to serve under negroes.

RADICAL MEETING.

At a Radical meeting in Forsyth county, North Carolina, recently, a resolution was passed praying Congress to adopt measures to indemnify the Colonists for losses during the war out of the property of rebels.

WILL NOT RETIRE.

Miss Kellogg will not retire from the stage. She sails for Europe on the 21st of August, to be absent during the winter, but has not decided whether to accept engagements which have been offered her at London and Paris.

CANCELLED BANKBILLS ON 'CHANGE.

Generals Beauregard and Magruder were introduced in the Stock Exchange to-day, and were hissed as they left the room.

BANK DEFALCATION.

A defalcation in the Tradesmen's Bank has been discovered, in the person of a teller involved, one for $65,000 and the other for $35,000. They were absent from the Bank to-day. It is expected some of the money will be recovered. The Bank has an ample surplus.

CONNIVANCE AT ESCAPE.

Abner C. Newcomb, Deputy U. S. Marshal, was arrested to-day, charged with receiving money from counterfeiters and conniving at their escape from justice. The warrant was issued on the affidavit of the wife of the convicted counterfeiter Drokway and W. W. Dodd. Newcomb was held to bail for examination on the 28th inst. Wood, of the Secret Service Department, used some time since for alleged defamation of character, for which the latter become responsible, and procured new bail.

FROM GEORGIA.

Jurors to Take the Test Oath—Withdrawal of Patronage from Conservative Papers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Ga., August 16.—The Atlanta *Opinion* thinks General Pope may shortly issue an order requiring jurors to take the test oath.

In accordance with General Pope's order, civil officials have notified the papers opposed to reconstruction under the military bill of the withdrawal of patronage from them. Of thirteen dailies in the State only four endorse the Congressional programme.

The Court Martial of General Thomas W. Sweeney, on charges by officers of his regiment, has adjourned. It is believed he will be honorably acquitted.

Yellow Fever in Galveston, Texas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GALVESTON, August 16.—The *Commercial's* Galveston dispatch reports yellow fever raging terribly in that place. Twenty deaths occurred on the 12th, thirty-one on the 13th, twenty-nine on the 14th, and over one thousand cases are reported in town on the 15th. The hospitals are overflowing and the managers are calling for extra help. The Internal Revenue office is closed, the employees being sick.

GALVESTON, Aug. 16.—The yellow fever continues its ravages. There were twenty-one burials yesterday.

Registration in North Carolina.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, August 15.—Registration commenced to-day in the First ward. Twenty-one whites and three hundred and twenty-six blacks were registered.

The total number of persons registered for the first two days were, whites one hundred and twenty-three, blacks five hundred and thirty-nine.

Japanese Delegation at Springfield Mass.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., August 16.—An official delegation from Japan, with an interpreter, has arrived in this city and will inspect the United States Armory here, the Wesson Works at Chicopee, and other manufacturing establishments.

Over three and a half inches of rain has fallen here.

Torchlight Procession of Freedmen

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, August 15.—A torch light procession of members of the Union League, numbering about two thousand Freedmen, with banners and transparencies, marched through the streets for the purpose of drawing out all Freedmen not yet registered.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, August 16.—River falling, with nine feet to Cairo. Imports of cotton, 101 bales; Exports, 12 bales; Stock, 1,239.

LOUISVILLE, August 16.—River unchanged; two feet ten inches in canal.

Election in Canada.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTOWA, August 16.—The Capitol is now agitated by election meetings and the scramble for votes. Speeches of the present member for Ottowa, and an American, will probably be elected for the federal legislature.

Steam Tug Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SANDUSKY, O., August 16.—The steam tug Dispatch, of Detroit, was burned to the water's edge at yesterday's fire this morning, at the dock in this city. Loss $16,000. Insurance $12,000.

Day of Fasting in Richmond.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, August 16.—To-day was observed as a day of fasting and prayer in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

UNITED STATES COURT.

The Blair County Counterfeiting Case —Testimony of "Detective" Franklin Continued—Evidence for the Government Closed—The Defense—"Detective" Battles Settles.

The case of the United States vs. William Johnston, of Blair county, indicted for counterfeiting, was resumed on Friday at ten o'clock.

Mr. Howard proceeded with the cross-examination of Capt. Stephen D. Franklin, of Philadelphia:

Got one hundred and ninety-nine pieces of the counterfeit money from Johnston. Dont know that they are all here. I retained one or two pieces, as a sample; it was a new kind of counterfeit money; never had seen any of it before. What McAteer and myself marked at Dunn's hotel in Altoona was marked by both of us, our marks being upon each piece. When I arrived in Philadelphia I marked the remainder; before sealing up the package took out perhaps a dozen pieces. I think after sealing it I opened the package to show to my assistants. Said yesterday that I did not open it after sealing it until I sent it to Washington in June. I correct myself now. Have not corrected myself now, because I have ascertained that Butts is here; know he is here only by hearsay; have not seen him. A man by the name of Lucock is also here. Believe the money is now in the envelope in which I first placed it. I don't think I showed the package in Philadelphia to any person who takes a meal at my house; McAteer came to my house in April; owes me for six meals and a drink, two dollars and fifty cents. I was absent at Brooklyn in the latter part of March; came home on the day before Easter, sometime about the first of April. In my absence a boy, fifteen or seventeen years of age, named Brown, attends for me; he is still in my employ; have been keeping tavern for about two years. McAteer was also at my house on the first of April.

[The Almanac was referred to and the fact ascertained that Easter Day was the 31st of April.]

B. F. Butts, sworn—Resided for the last year in Philadelphia. Knows S. D. Franklin; have known him from the 1st of this month one year ago. Had business with him and others with him. Know Pat. McAteer. Was in Altoona with Franklin when Franklin represented to have paid for it, forty dollars. Forwarded to Washington the counterfeit money seized by my assistants. Receipts for money for services and for money warded to Washington before money was paid. Such was the order of the Department. All vouchers were sent to Washington before money was paid. I think a voucher in the case of Butts was forwarded, the order for the money and the receipt in absence, and I appropriated it to another purpose. Have warned receipts for Hutchinson and gave him his money. Hoey was never in my employ.

Mr. Carnahan at this point stated that so far he had not interposed any objection to the cross-examination, but had taken a wide range. It seemed there was a contest in the private character of Captain Franklin that was not touched. The cross-examination was entirely irrelevant to the examination in chief.

Mr. Howard said they proposed to show to the satisfaction of the jury and the court that the witness was steeped in crime, and to do this they must take the testimony of his wife, his children, &c. They would not acknowledge what was asked him, the defense proposed to contradict him, and in this way bring the case to a close. It was the custom to forward vouchers to Washington before the receipt of money, that Washington might send to Pittsburg the money over the money received to Butts, the witness had given him counterfeit money.

The Court—What is this to do with the examination in chief?

The Court—The offer is overruled.

Mr. Howard—Did you tell Butts in Philadelphia, in February last, that you were connected with the Schuylkill Rangers, and that in addition to your other business you were connected with the secret service, recalling them "knuckles" and "cracksmen," and at the same time show him tools and offer for sale to him in Washington City?

Witness—I may have instructed him to form such associations for detective purposes. I have in my house a set of skeleton keys, which have never been out of my possession. These I may have shown in order to deceive persons for detective purposes. I was instructed to use all honorable means to detect counterfeiters. I have had forwarded from Washington to me implements for counterfeiting, which have never been returned.

Mr. Howard—Do yee mean to say that you represented you were in the secret service, and told falsehoods to detect counterfeiters?

Witness—I do sir. That is part of a detective's business—to associate with thieves and burglars, to get evidence against them. Not much would be gained by telling such men the truth.

The witness was further cross-examined as to his operations at Altoona. He said he had kept out of sight as much as possible, as there were persons in Altoona who knew he was a "detective" officer. He had employed McAteer to keep him company. He left on the train, leaving McAteer, and had not seen him since; had heard of him from various sources.

Mr. Howard—Did you say anything to Butts about having McAteer here as a witness?

Witness—When Butts came to see me at Philadelphia, he told me that if McAteer was found in Pittsburgh as a witness they would send him to the Penitentiary. Don't remember exactly what my reply was. The substance of it was that I was the important witness in the case and I must be protected in the absence of McAteer. It was represented to me that McAteer was connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad, as baggage master or brakesman; never knew exactly what his business was. Knew him by reputation for over a year through Hutchison, and was working with him in this city since last summer. Don't know that he was a man who dealt in counterfeit money, but he was represented to me as a reliable man. On that representation I made application to have him employed as an assistant under me, but had not succeeded.

The examination as to the sealing of the counterfeit money package was resumed, and questions previously ruled out were again put to witness. The Court said it had a great deal of patience, but protested against the repetition of questions. The witness was permitted to sit down, having been on his feet for over an hour.

Direct examination resumed—I was removed as Superintendent of Construction department with the remainder of the force in the eastern district. Here is the order of my removal.

Mr. Carnahan read the paper. It bore date June 24, '67, notified S. D. Franklin, Philadelphia, that his services as an operative of the Department would be wanted were no longer required, and directed him to forward his account for settlement. Accompanying the order which was signed by "W. P. Wood, Chief of S. S. Div.," was another paper (similarly addressed and signed) setting forth "want of harmony of action by operatives in your district caused the removal of all employees in said district." The paper concludes as follows: "I have ever entertained a very favorable opinion of yourself as a gentleman. The action taken was predicated upon conflict on you, but because it was believed such course was best calculated to be beneficial to the examination on the 28th, Wood, of the Judicial District in which you operated."

Mr. Carnahan proposed and commenced to read an official letter from the Treasury Department at Washington relative to the witness Franklin.

Mr. Purviance objected—The letter could not properly be given in evidence, as the party writing it could have been produced, and it was improper to put it in evidence. In opinion, which a witness would not be allowed to give on the stand.

Mr. Carnahan said the defense had travelled far from the proper course in their cross-examination; had asked witness the most insulting questions. He proposed to sustain the character of the witness by the reading of the letter.

The Court sustained the objection raised, and the letter was not read.

Direct resumed—Efforts have been made to secure the attendance of the man McAteer. The man Wm. Hutchinson was the first who gave me information concerning the defendant Johnson, and was specially employed to investigate the case. He was on the recommendation (a letter) of Governor Curtin that I recommended the employment of Butts in the service, and secured his appointment. Butts afterwards told me that Governor Curtin did not know anything about him; that he had "beat the Governor." Butts acknowledged to me that he was a fugitive from justice, and that a charge was pending in Chicago. Have not seen him since last summer. Don't know that he was a man who dealt in counterfeit money, but he was represented to me as a reliable man. On that representation I made application to have him employed as an assistant under me, but had not succeeded.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1867.

A MATTER OF ECONOMY.

Measures for saving money are generally approved if they are at the same time productive of happiness and good to ourselves or others. That there is very great want of economy, in the individual, family and state, no one will for a moment question. Persons are saving in some respects and wasteful in others, or "economical in spots," as we have heard it expressed. Children sometimes will by hard toil, accumulate a little fund, saving all they can get in all honest ways, and spend it all foolishly in an hour. And children of a larger growth do the same thing. A State may, by its officers, denounce the wrong of a House of Refuge in an extra expenditure of ten cents per week in the comfort of the unfortunate boys and girls committed to its care, and by its Legislature recklessly squander millions for the benefit of some wealthy individual or corporation. In some cases, people seem to think the value of an article depends solely on the cost. Many a man who has rushed into oil speculations has been convinced of the fallacy of this in some respects, and yet they act on it in others. Let us apply this to the matter of education. I have a son whom I wish to educate. If I retain him at home I can watch over his health, his habits, and his associates, and know from day to day what he is doing and what progress he is making at an average cost of less than one hundred dollars per year. Before his health or his morals shall be fully revived I can know it. I shall not be compelled to rely on interested reports of distant teachers who may not know the facts and may conceal a part of what they do know. The statements of sore eyes caused by hard study by night I shall not be compelled to rely on. If I do my duty I shall *know* the truth. I shall not, it is true, be able to *say* my son is being educated abroad in a popular institution whose reputation is made. The ability to say this is not what I desire; it is the thing itself, the education which will make a useful and noble man of him which I desire. Intelligent and sensible people know well it is the article itself that is wanted, not the name of the place where it is manufactured. What do I care whether a silk dress is bought at Stewart's or Smith's, if it is the thing. Yet there are silly people who tell these things. If I send my son to a fashionable place, his morals may be ruined, his time wasted, and his money squandered, and it will cost me, at least on an average, eight hundred dollars a year, and I shall have this advantage, that I shall not for years know his errors. He can conceal them from me, on his short visits to his home. Very many spend more than the sum named, say $1,200 or $1,500. If then I educate him at home I shall save in money, the smallest item that shall enter into the calculation, $700 per year. If I have three sons to educate I shall save $2,100 per year, and in four years this will be $8,400. Suppose, then, that there are two hundred to be so educated in our cities who would be sent abroad if they could not have the proper advantages at home, the saving in one year would be to our cities $140,000, and in twenty-five years $3,500,000. But this is not all. Our cities are not to last only twenty-five years but, as we hope, for centuries, and with an ever-increasing population demanding education. Besides, if the supply is furnished at our doors, while the expenses and risk of going are not incurred, many will be able to avail themselves of these advantages who, otherwise, would be unable to do so. A large class of the most deserving, who will make the most useful and energetic men, will be educated. It is a well known principle of political economy that the cheaper the article the greater is the demand. One hundred times as many may purchase an article for $100 as would for $600.

And in education as in manufacturing, there are other great advantages besides the simple one of procuring the article when it is made. There are many connected with a large institution who will exact an elevating influence on a community. If well endowed there will be able Professors in their several departments whose influence will be felt in every walk of life, awakening an interest in education and affecting every department of learning. The buildings, the cabinets, the libraries, the apparatus and the sectors will speak. Pittsburgh takes its character from its manufactures. New Haven from its educational institutions. While enjoying one shall we wholly neglect the other? All classes in a community and all professions will be elevated by a well conducted and well endowed institution of learning. Then as a plain matter of economy and an evident matter of improvement to our cities in all respects, we should furnish these advantages of higher education to all our youth, rightly endowing the university we have so long neglected to our shame and our detriment. Duty to our sons, the interests of our cities, in all respects, and our city pride, demand it. But who shall do it? Shall we point to one man of large wealth, and say it is his duty, and then meanly accuse him of acting selfishly in so doing? The men of large wealth are not always the most liberal. Some such blessed men we have here. All should unitedly join in the call for $500,000 for this most worthy enterprise. As citizens we shall all be benefitted. As parents we can better educate our sons, or if we have none, we can thus aid others and increase the intelligence and honor of our cities. We may sow for others to reap, as we ourselves may have reaped what others have sown before us. We are not to look at this matter simply as a matter of debt and credit. Had others done so we should have been denied many of the privileges we have enjoyed; and we should have too much city pride, and too much self respect to be willing that all the advantages of higher education enjoyed by our youth should be in distant towns and cities, in institutions endowed by the generosity of others.

IN OUR LAST ISSUE we re-published from the Philadelphia *Press* a letter written from this city to the editor of that journal, in which the writer showed that our candidate, Judge WILLIAMS, never had any connection with the Allegheny county "repudiation movement," as charged by some of the Eastern Democratic journals. "R. P. N.," feeling justly aggrieved that his language should be misconstrued into a disparagement of Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS, sends us the following communication on the subject:

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE:—A brief note of mine to the Editor of the Philadelphia *Press*, in reply to a letter received making inquiry as to Judge Williams' record on the Repudiation question, appeared in your paper of yesterday morning, accompanied by certain comments, intimating that a disparagement is intended "of the high moral character and standing of our excellent Representative in Congress."

The *Press* note qualifies repudiation as a "disreputable movement." Hon. Thos. Williams himself knows that a large class of the community always regarded the measure in that light, but he also knows that, so far as the writer of this article is concerned, his conviction all the while through the exciting time of that controversy, was that his (Mr. W's) course was from beginning to end—viewed from his own stand point—consistent, unselfish and conscientious. I can, myself, bear testimony to the fact that Mr. Williams opposed very zealously, and on repeated occasions, the first steps taken in this direction. Its earliest suggestion encountered his strong protest, at a time when everybody else, almost, was madly in favor of it—*before* as well as after the meeting was had, upon the strength of whose action the issue of the Bonds was finally determined upon. The ruling proportion of the party which seconded his action, however, are not entitled to the same respect because many of the most active among them had been equally energetic on the other side in the mass-movement which brought the trouble about. Mr. Williams, I believe, erred, but he erred with a conscience true to itself, and therefore lies not within compass of the opprobrium which attaches to leading others, who found no iniquity in the matter until the bonds were sold, the roads built (or the funds exhausted on them) and they called upon to face the responsibility of a costly and unprofitable investment. This course of action was the one which made the ugly features in the case, and which certainly may be fairly characterized as a "disreputable movement."

Unfortunately and unfairly for Mr. Thomas Williams, he came to be known publicly as the leader of the Repudiation movement. He was saddled with all of its unpleasant responsibilities—made the subject of reproaches applicable to the operatives under him only—and so forfeited the esteem of many, especially beyond the mountains, who, had they understood his history better, would have reckoned the less harshly of him. It was only because of this popular identification of him with Repudiation, that reference in the *Press* note was made to "an unfortunate co-incidence of names."

I appreciate too highly the talents, the services, the incorruptible honesty, and the unswerving truthfulness of Mr. Williams to his political faith, the faith of the people whom he represents, to say anything which could be interpreted to his disparagement, at home or abroad.

R. P. N.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

It is well and truthfully said that, "facts are stubborn things." Facts of the most convincing character are at our command to show that salaried men are the most poorly paid of any other class of persons; especially ministers, teachers and clerks, and never more so than since the inflation of the currency, during the past few years. Almost every person in the various branches of manufacture, and mercantile life, of late years, have had unprecedented prosperity, and on a scale of magnitude, witnessed in no other country. Artisans, and even laborers, have enjoyed high wages, double and treble what they had received previous to the war. By this means too, those engaged in the mechanical arts, and inferior departments of labor have been lifted up to a higher and more commanding level in social life. This is all well enough and as it should be, to enable tradesmen and other employees to elevate themselves in culture and social position. But the fact should not be overlooked that the class of persons we have named have expended a large amount of time, money, and mental labor to prepare them for the positions they occupy. Not so, strictly speaking, with the mechanic or laborer. While the former is acquiring the mastery in some branch of the mechanical arts, he is also receiving compensation, and the latter, without any preliminary training, is enabled to acquire immediate advantage from his labor. Then, too, the minister or teacher, by his vocation, closes the door to the success which attends professional life, by his work being restricted to a limited field of duty. Professional men, however, usually reap a rich fruitage from the time, money and labor they have spent in fitting them for professional life. But we purpose to speak more particularly of ministers, whose duty also involves teaching of the highest type, as well as preaching. Clergymen have generally received small salaries, and when the rebellion broke out and prices went up, while the compensation of others was gradually rising with the advance of everything, their claims were overlooked, until every other class of persons had received an equivalent for their services. Losing sight of the outlay incident to the preparation for the ministry, clergymen receive compensation, meagre as it has heretofore been, only for actual service, and without reference to the past or the future. Rare instances have transpired within a brief period, of ministers being presented with a sum of money, or gift of property, for use in old age. But how very few ministers of the many are remembered by their congregations. We hope hereafter to chronicle more instances of this kind.

Six months ago a call was made through the *Independent*, by Dr. Walker, of Massachusetts, for clergymen of different denominations to favor him with a statement of their salaries in 1860 and 1865, in order to ascertain the advance made in consequence of the depreciation in the currency. Last week's issue of the *Independent* contains the results of the call, from which it appears that one thousand ministers of eight different denominations, residing in eighteen States, responded, showing their incomes ranged from $300 to $5,000 per annum. Of this number four hundred and fifty furnished such explicit details which show the following results: Average salaries in 1860 $768.68; average salaries in 1865, $907.82; average gratuities per year, $37.77; average advance in salaries from 1860 to 1865, 17.4 per cent.; average advance in salaries and gratuities, 21.7 per cent. From some portions of the country, the average of the remaining five hundred and fifty ministers was only 15 per cent., and on the whole about 20 per cent. extra, gratuities included. After a careful examination of all the facts, the following are the conclusions: 1. That salaries of clergymen have not been increased in proportion to the greater cost of commodities, the latter having advanced at least 100 per cent. 2. That salaries have not been increased as much as the wages of labor in general, because the latter advanced fifty per cent. between 1860 and 1865, as ascertained from various sources. 3. That salaries were not enhanced so much as the profits of trade and manufactures, which, between 1860 and 1865, are known to have increased some one hundred per cent.—that is, they were about doubled in amount. 4. As a conclusion, that the clergy, as a body, must have made a greater sacrifice of pecuniary interest than any other principal class of the community. Many other interesting facts might be drawn from this able article. "I spend the Sabbath day," said a godless man, "in casting up my accounts." "Yes," said a minister of Christ, who heard the sneering utterance, "and the day of judgment will be spent in the same way." The *Presbyterian*, after quoting the above remark and answer, says we venture to add that on that day we believe many accounts, entirely settled in this world, duly receipted, and finally forgotten, will be re-opened, and woe unto the man, or group of men, who will then be found to have ground the faces of poor ministers of the Lord Jesus Christ, or thought not of their straits in the time of their prosperity.

The dismissal of Rev. Rowland Conner, junior pastor of the School street Universalist Church in Boston, for preaching heretical doctrines and advocating ritualistic views, is likely to breed trouble in that denomination. The Springfield *Republican* thinks the result will the organization of a Free Universalist Church in Boston; possibly also a sharp division of the denomination into orthodox and liberal Universalists.

Twenty-three camp meetings are announced in the New York *Advocate*, varying from the 10th of this month until the same date in September. Tarentum Camp meeting near this city closed on last Thursday, and immediately thereafter the Albright Methodists, as they are sometimes called, composed of Germans, commenced a meeting, which will close sometime next week. Meetings of this character commenced on Thursday near McKeesport and Enon Valley.

Rev. Herrick Johnston, D.D., pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church of this city, in an address at the New York State Teachers' Association, took the ground that greater prominence should be given to the classics than to mathematics as a proper course of study, and better adopted to develop attention, taste, judgment—instruments most necessary to complete success in any department of active life. He thought children should commence the study of languages early in life. Boys should read Latin intelligently at twelve and Greek at fourteen. By these means the *power* of gaining knowledge is best acquired.

A Unitarian minister in the New England States thinks it is doubtful whether without our modern society, God can send upon society a greater continuation of curse, than a very eloquent preacher, a ten thousand dollar organ, and a suberb opera choir.

It is probable the Centenary of Universalism in this country will be celebrated in 1870, being one hundred years since John Murray, the father of the denomination, landed in this country. This body now comprises about seven hundred ministers and about five hundred organized societies. Of these considerably more than two-thirds are found in New England and New York. In New Jersey, which claims the honor of the "landing," there are but four societies and three ministers. It is said more than a million of dollars was raised by them last year for educational and missionary purposes, and for the erection of church edifices.

The Board of Managers of the Tract Society of the M. E. Church offer a premium of two hundred and fifty dollars for the best approved tract, not to exceed thirty-two pages, on the evils, physical, mental, moral and social, resulting from the use of tobacco.

The new Episcopal Divinity School at Cambridge, Massachusetts, is to open its course of instruction the coming autumn, and some of the appointed Professors are preparing to move upon the ground.

Says *Zion's Herald*, of Boston, a few active, fluent, healthy, middle-aged females (especially if well meaning) are enough to worry any young clergyman of rather weakly constitution into an early grave.

Progress of the Pacific Railway.

Dispatches from San Francisco give encouraging accounts of the progress and prospects of the western end of the Great Pacific Railroad. It will be remembered that Congress granted to the two principal companies—the Union Pacific and Central Pacific—the right to build their respective lines from opposite ends until they meet and connect. The former have nearly crossed the level plains of Nebraska, is rapidly approaching the outlying hills of the Rocky Mountain range; while the latter, it appears, is making equally gratifying headway. During this month it is expected the last and greatest of the tunnels on the western link will be opened, and the crossing of the dreaded Sierra Nevada Mountains be regularly made by the locomotive, into the Great Salt Lake Basin. This achievement of hewing and blasting a pathway through primeval granite barriers, although all included within 150 miles, is equivalent to more than 600 miles of ordinary railroad, in cost and resistance overcome. Upwards of $20,000,000 have been expended in the enterprise which includes, however, the equipment and materials for 150 miles additional. Eastward of the graded portion the line has been surveyed and located for 600 miles, developing an easy and favorable route, and it is believed that fully half of the distance between the Pacific coast and the Missouri river will be built by the Central Pacific Company, as they are favored by having their hardest work done, and by the presence of large numbers of cheap and serviceable Chinese laborers. It is assuring to be informed, also, that the business of the road is very large, the earnings for July being $175,000 in gold; while the operating expenses were less than $25,000.

The Company receives a large subsidy from the Government, and in order to push on the work with even greater energy, are offering their First Mortgage Bonds for sale, through Fisk & Hatch, their financial agents in New York, and our leading bankers, at rates very tempting to capitalists. The merits and advantages of the Central Pacific Railroad bonds are fully set forth in our advertising columns.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE

Is prepared by the originator of the justly celebrated Cough Balsam. Mr. Coe has never prepared a medicinal article for public and general use but what has stood the strongest tests, and has always borne the palm of victory over every disease it has been certified to cure. Will you who are suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion, nausea, sick headache, chorea morbus, dysentery and general debility of the whole system, try two small-size bottles? We will never urge you again if we fail in this case. Our own knowledge of its merits, the united testimony of all who have ever tried it, the encomiums of hundreds of our own neighbors, your duty to yourself and the beneficial results, as certain as sunshine, all unitedly urge you to try it. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 50 cents per bottle. If what we say is not correct—if our statements respecting its wonderful virtues are not found to be true—if you do not satisfy that the operation of the medicine is instantaneous and wonderful—we will renounce our profession as a caterer to the public health, and retire from the field, admitting that we are incompetent to compound a medicinal preparation which would be entitled to your confidence.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market street. au16 other papers.

ITCH, TETTER, ALL SKIN DISEASES,

Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions.

'SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.'

Entirely eradicates these troublesome complaints.

Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment."

"Cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by M'CLARRAN & M'KENNAN, 83 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, A. TURRENCE, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny. jy30:TuTh

THE POISONS OF THE DAY.

The late temperance investigations in Massachusetts have thrown a flood of light on the horrible abuses practiced in the liquor trade, and have at the same time demonstrated the absolute necessity for unadulterated diffusive stimulants for medicinal purposes. Clergymen of the highest standing, men of the highest rank in science, and philanthropists, who are above the reach of prejudice, have testified not only to the pernicious effects of the adulterated liquors of commerce, but also the efficacy of uncontaminated alcohol, or pure tonics and medicinal or restorative agents.

First on the list of this class of preparations, best known and most extensively used, and the stomachics of the day, stands HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This specific is the only representative of that absolutely pure article which eminent divines, physicians and social economists in New England have declared not to be a proper subject for prohibitory legislation. The faculty proclaims by the months of its professors that a stimulant of this character is a medical necessity. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS satisfy all the requirements of science. Its action is primarily from the irritating constituents which analysis detects in even the best imported liquors, and the vegetable extracts with which it is medicated are among the best antidotes and restoratives that botanical science, in its world-wide research, has yet discovered. It is an indubitable fact that some constitutions and habits of body demand stimulation, and for all such a stimulant which combines anti-bilious and slightly aperient properties with its tonic virtues is manifestly desirable.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally resulted in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I know that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies an vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, J— C—.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The Bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

LUKE B. DAVIDSON

Of Wilkins township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. au17:dtd&AT

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE.

A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE,

In a county town, the seat of justice of the county. A good location, will be sold at reasonable price. Address J. GOENSAUGH, Waynesburg, Greene county, Pa. au17:d7s

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHANGE OF HOUR FOR THE CHORAL SERVICE.—During the summer the Sunday afternoon FREE SERVICE will commence at 7 o'clock p. m.

PREACHING EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock a. m. and 7½ p. m. in NORTH AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City. Rev. E. R. SNYDER, Pastor. All are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. and 1½ p. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. —Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant, TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. by Rev. J. NEWTON BYE. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock, P. M. Strangers are cordially invited. The residence of the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, is No. 42 Chatham street.

FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES, Neville Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty sts., entrance on Fourth st. Rev. W. HAY GRAY, Pastor. Services every LORDS DAY, morning and evening. Sabbath School session at 2½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday Evening. Strangers and residents not identified with any worshiping congregation are kindly invited.

RELIGIOUS.—JOS. KING, Pastor of the First Christian Church, in Allegheny, has returned, and will preach TO-MORROW in the new Meeting House, corner of Beaver street and North Common. Morning service at 10½; evening service at 7½ o'clock. Sunday school at 2 P. M. Seats free and cordial welcome to all.

Y. M. C. A.—REV. E. R. SQUIER will deliver a Sermon to Young Men, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, on SUNDAY EVENING, August 18th, at 7 o'clock, in the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, sixth street, between Wood and Smithfield.

PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION.—A Special Meeting will be held at the Association Rooms, THIS (Saturday,) AFTERNOON, August 17th, at 2½ o'clock. Full attendance requested. By order.

H. M. LONG, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, August 15th, 1867. au17:d&o

CURRY INSTITUTE.

The next Term will open on the

First Monday of September,

For pupils wishing to take a

NORMAL, COMMERCIAL, SCIENTIFIC

Or Classical Course.

vol:2:nF

MR. AND MRS. SMART'S

Classical and Commercial

ACADEMY,

(for Misses, Young Ladies and Gentlemen,) No. 12 ISABELLA STREET, Allegheny, near the Suspension Bridge, will re-open for the seventh Session, on

Monday, the 26th of August.

Mr. SMART was employed during seventeen years, first as a public teacher, and subsequently as an examiner of appointees to the Inland Revenue Department of the Civil Service of Great Britain, by which he specially educated for the profession in one of the first Seminaries in England, and had large experience.

The course embraces every requisite of a sound and a liberal education, and parents committing their children to our charge may depend on their being WELL TAUGHT.

Our School Room occupies the entire third story of our residence, and as we are not under any expense for hall rent, and employ no assistant teachers, our terms are very low. wfs

TEN DOLLARS PER SESSION LESS

Than those of other good schools. MUSIC by an accomplished Teacher. au17:d3t

THE "DIAMOND" SHIRT.

The best made, most perfect fitting and most ECONOMICAL SHIRT offered for sale.

Those who buy it, DO NOT PAY FOR ITS REPUTATION. It is the LATEST SHIRT made, and combines the good qualities of all the OLD makes. For sale

AT PHELAN'S

Old Stand Stocking Store,

24 FIFTH STREET.

au17:3

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE.—A tract of 450 acres, of which 300 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., eight miles south of West Alexander, and ¼ of a mile from Honeyboro, in convenient to churches and schools. Has on it two log houses, two barns and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apples, peaches, plums, &c.

Good water in every field.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street,

OFFER FOR SALE

BLACK AND COLORED

Dress Silks,

AT LOW PRICES.

au17

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of ELIZABETH ATKINSON, late of Allegheny county, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, September 28th, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND, situate in the Fourth Ward of the City of Allegheny, fronting four feet to the east of Sandusky street twenty feet, and extending back easterly preserving that width, about one hundred feet, more or less, on which is erected a three-story brick house.

Terms cash.

For further particulars enquire of

JOHN MORRISON, Executor,

At the Mayor's Office, Allegheny City.

au17:d7t—au17,24,31,sept7

THE PITTSBURGH

Steam Brick Manufacturing Co,

THE BEST PRESSED BRICK EXTANT.

Works Adjacent to the City Farm.

Office, over the Peoples' National Bank of Pittsburgh, corner of FIRST AND WOOD STS. Office hours from 8½ to 9 A. M.

H. EICKSON, President.

W. W. BURCHFIELD,

Vice President and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA., PITTSBURGH, August 15th, 1867.

TO COAL MERCHANTS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 20TH INSTANT, inclusive, for furnishing to Allegheny County Poor

EIGHT TO TEN THOUSAND BUSHELS OF GOOD MERCHANTABLE COAL.

Free from slack and dirt. To be delivered at the entrance of the Court and Jail, in Fifth and Sinn streets, in quantities of six hundred bushels per day, also to be weighed on the City or Jail Scales. Payment will be made by warrants drawn on the County Treasurer, when the contract is completed.

By direction of County Commissioners,

HENRY LAMBERT,

au17:d7d Controller.

BRICK! BRICK!

THE CHARTIERS VALLEY

BRICK COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish

BRICK,

in small or large quantities, at a REDUCED PRICE. A large stock always on hand at their Yard, corner of Ninth and PENN STREETS, and near David Steen's Coal Yard.

S. Y. KENNEDY, Agent.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA., PITTSBURGH, August 15th, 1867.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 26TH INSTANT, for

RIP-RAPPING AND UNDERPINNING THE BRIDGE OVER LITTLE SEWICKLEY CREEK,

On the road leading from Allegheny City to Beaver, in Sewickley township. Bids for Rip-Rapping to be at so much per perch, and for Underpinning so much for the job.

By direction of the County Commissioner,

HENRY LAMBERT,

au17:d7t Controller.

GRADING AND PAVING.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until SATURDAY, August 17th, for Grading 5,000 cubic yards, and for Paving about 15,000 square yards, on the

MONONGAHELA WHARF,

Between Grant and Smithfield streets. Bidders will state what they will allow per square yard for the stone now on the wharf, and the difference between hauling the earth away and depositing it on the wharf.

By order of Committee on Monongahela Wharf.

Proposals may be left at No. 8 MARKET ST.

S. McKEROW, Chairman.

Pittsburgh, August 8, 1867. au8:d7t

PROPOSALS.—The Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will receive PROPOSALS FOR THE RESTAURANT PRIVILEGES, within its enclosure, at Pittsburgh, until TUESDAY, the 3d day of September, 1867, at the office, No. 10 St. Clair street. au17:d7d

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE.

NEXT TERM OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18.

Apply to the PRESIDENT, Canonsburg, or to the VICE PRESIDENT, Washington, Pa. au17:d7d2

LARGE BUILDING TO LET.—That large Factory, formerly

Ryan's Building,

And lately occupied by Fackiner & Irwin, on Virgin alley, between Wood and Liberty streets. Very suitable for storage. Enquire of

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., 22 Fifth street.

10,000 GALLONS

STONEWARE.

For sale at manufacturer's prices, at No. 396 PENN STREET.

L. J. BLANCHARD.

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to by

FURGESON & BECK,

au17: 17 Smithfield street.

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 60 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. 1y18

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.

Made from Kentucky White Wheat, (new crop,) for sale at lowest market rates, at

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Terms cash. Goods delivered free. au17

FRESH SALMON, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Lobster, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Asparagus, in 2 lb. cans; Green Corn, Lima Beans, Condensed Milk, strawberries, Whortleberries, Blackberries, catchup, Olive Oil, Worcestershire Sauce, Essence Shrimps, Anchovies, &c., for sale at lowest rates, at

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Terms cash. Goods delivered free. au17

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS,

No. 880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

CHILL ROLLS, MILL CASTINGS, ROLL LATHES,

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Sheet Iron Works, &c.

61 *Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.*

au17:y21

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, August 17, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENTS for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of

Washington Street,

From Franklin street to Pennsylvania avenue, and

Townsend Street,

From Decatur to Clark street, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this office, West Market Building, until TUESDAY, August 27th, 1867, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,

au17:d City Engineer.

RICHARD GRAY .....SAMUEL P. ARMSTRONG.

GRAY & ARMSTRONG,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

And Dealers in CHOICE TEAS,

Flour, Bacon, Fish, Lard, and Produce generally.

No. 22, South Side Diamond,

(One door west of Federal Street,)

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

au17:7

5,000 VOLUMES OF

BOOKS AT HALF PRICE!

Shakespeare's Dramatic Works.
Rollins' Ancient History, 2 vols.
Worcester's Dictionary.
Collateral Bible, 2 vols. Quarto.
Webster's Dictionary of the Bible.
United States Dispensatory.
Ainsworth's English and Latin Dictionary.
Peter Parley's Universal History.
Robinson Crusoe. Illustrated.
Prime's Practical Geology and Mineralogy.
Brown's Trees and English Forests.
Author's English and Latin Lexicon.
Donnegan's Greek and English Lexicon.
Fleet-ood's Life of Christ. Gilt edged.
Dana's Manual of Geology.
Wharton's Law Dictionary.
Laws of the United States. Duplex.
Troubat and Daisy's Practice. 2 vols.
Laws of Pennsylvania.
1,000 volumes of Miscellaneous Works to select from. Call and examine the stocks.
School Books.
Pens, Pen-holders and Ink.
Stationery, of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at Eastern prices.

ALL THE LATE

Magazines and Illustrated Papers.

CALL AND GET A SUPPLY, AT THE

BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,

Sixth Street, below Smithfield.

JOHN D. EGAN.

LEGAL BLANKS,

AND

STATIONERY.

Warranty Deeds—Double and Single.
Warranty Deeds—Printed on Parchment Paper.
Mortgages—Common & Exemption Forms.
Administrators' & Executors' Deeds.
Quit Claim Deeds.
Executions.
Powers of Attorney.
Declarations.
Articles of Agreement.
Attachments.
Common and Judgment Bonds.

LEGAL STATIONERY.

ENVELOPES.

Cap, Brief and Record Papers.

SEND FOR LIST.

FOR SALE BY

KAY & COMPANY,

65 Wood Street.

au17:3

EIGHTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office, for the month of August, 1867:

Names.	Kind.	Place.
J. H. Hicker,	tavern,	1st ward, Pittsburgh.
John Ritz,	"	" "
Geo. A. Grier,	"	" "
Fred'k Gemmill, eat'g h.	"	" "
John Smith,	tavern,	2d ward, Pittsburgh.
Christ. Gotthold, eat'g h.	"	" "
Jacob Heilenman,	"	" "
T. S. Miller, other goods.		" "
Dan. McHenry,	tavern,	3d ward, Pittsburgh.
Cath. Weber,	"	" "
Wm. Wagoner, eat'g h.	"	" "
Jos. Kuhn, other goods.		" "
Wm. Ruckelshaus,	tavern,	4th ward, Pittsburgh.
Wm. Carey & Co., o. g'ds,		" "
S. McCrickard & Co.,	"	" "
Morris Collins, o. goods,		5th ward, Pittsburgh.
Richard Moran,	tavern,	6th ward, Pittsburgh.
Christ. Roth,	"	" "
E. H. Pitcher,	"	" "
Chas. J. Schwimle, eat'g h.		" "
Chas. Abel & Co., o. goods,		" "
P. Goodwin,	"	" "
Jac. F. Steihl, o. goods,		7th ward, Pittsburgh.
L. Barkowitz,	tavern,	8th ward, Pittsburgh.
Wm. McNight,	tavern,	9th ward, Pittsburgh.
Kolb & Saffery, eat'g h.		" "
P. Mellon,	tavern,	10th ward, Pittsburgh.
Adam Hepler,	"	1st ward, Allegheny.
C. P. Fry,	"	" "
Jas. M. Kirby,	"	2d ward, Allegheny.
Chas. Foehlinder,	"	" "
Chas. Dougherty, eat'g h.		" "
Nich. Aerien,	tavern,	3d ward, Allegheny.
Chas. Boch,	"	" "
F. W. Hardina,	"	4th ward, Allegheny.
C. F. Faulhaber,	"	" "
W. Kirschbaum,	"	" "
John Bross,	tavern,	5th ward, Allegheny.
Short & Feldbaum,	"	" "
Adam Gilg,	"	" "
John Mosenberger,	"	" "
John Schiremer,	"	7th ward, Allegheny.
Thos. E. Jackson, eat'g h.		" "
John Windstein, tavern,		Boro. of Birmingham.
Gadeken & Wood, o. goods,		" "
John D. Minster, tavern,		Boro. of E. Birmingham.
Carl A. Dunk, tavern,		Boro. of Lawrenceville.
Thos. Barton,	"	" "
Bernard Byrne,	"	" "
Jacob Soffel,	"	Boro. of Mt. Washington.
John Wilbert,	"	" "
C. J. Richardson, o. g'ds,		Boro. of Temperanceville.
Wm. Franey, tavern,		Baldwin township.
John Lynch, tavern,		Hampton township.
Geo. F. Thomas, tavern,		Indiana township.
Mathias Steinhiser, tavern,		Liberty township.
Jacob Gutendorf, eating house,		Liberty tp.
Peter Hughenoltle, tavern,		Mifflin township.
Henry Daily, tavern,		Oakland township.
Lotan Wanger, tavern,		Pine township.
John Knox, tavern,		Ross township.
Patrick Duffey, tavern,		Robinson township.
Francis Hogle, tavern,		Lower St. Clair tp.
Casl. Garr, tp.		" "
Jos. Bartman,	"	" "
E. C. McGovern,	"	" "
Ann McCormick,	"	" "
Pat. Reynolds, other goods,		Versailles tp.

The License Board will sit at the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1867, at 9 o'clock A. M., for hearing the above application.

JOHN G. BROWN,

au17:d Clerk.

KNOWLES' PATENT

STEAM PUMP.

GIFFARD'S INJECTOR.

WATER, GAS AND STEAM GOODS.

Sheet Lead & Lead Pipe,

ON BEST TERMS.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

No. 167 Smithfield Street,

au17:m6.W&S PITTSBURGH.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and 59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jy24:wfs:d&T&Th&S

HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

To all who love a

GOOD CUP OF TEA OR COFFEE,

And do not wish to drink adulterated articles.

The American Tea Co.,

No. 2 ST. CLAI

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT 12½ CENTS,

GOOD PRINTS.

AT 12½ CENTS.

Bleached & Brown Muslins.

AT 12½ CENTS.

GOOD CRASH.

AT 44 CENTS.

10-4 SHEETING, very cheap.

Dress Goods;
Ginghams;
Tickings;
Furniture Checks;
Plain Flannels;
Plaid Flannels;
White Country Flannels, One and two yards wide;
Coverlets;
Country Blankets;
Grey Blankets;
Shirt Fronts, Handkerchiefs;
Hoop Skirts;
Woolen Yarn, &c., &c.,

A FULL STOCK, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

au13

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

New Calicos for 12½c.

Bleached Muslins for 12½c.

10-4 Bleached Sheeting, 50.

New Dark Chintz, 50c.

Remember the place,

No. 87 Market Street.

au13:no80

REDUCED PRICES!

IN

WHITE GOODS.

HANDKERCHIEFS;
LACES, real and imitation;
LACE COLLARS AND SETTS;
HOOP SKIRTS;
BALMORAL SKIRTS AND SKIRTING;
GLOVES, HOSIERY;
GENT'S AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS;
SHETLAND SHAWLS, &c.

SOILED GOODS AT HALF PRICE.

Straw and Millinery Goods at Less than Cost!

Being desirous to run our stock down as low as possible before taking possession of the new addition to our present store rooms, we will offer

DECIDED BARGAINS!

In all goods in our line.

JUST RECEIVED, 6,000 POUNDS

WOOLEN, KNITTING AND REPAIR YARNS,

Comprising all desirable shades and mixtures. Also, a full line BARRED FLANNELS, both of which we offer to the trade at

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street.

☞ WHOLESALE ROOMS UP STAIRS.

au17:no50

5,000 POUNDS

KNITTING YARN!

JUST RECEIVED.

To which we call the special attention of DEALERS AND KNITTERS.

DRABS,
SLATES,
BROWNS,
SCARLET,
VIOLET,
BLUE DE LYON,
AMORINE,
PURPLE,
MAROON,
SCT. CLOUDED,
BLUE MIXED,
BLACK MIXED,
SHEEP'S GREY,
BLACK AND WHITE.

560 LBS. AMERICAN ZEPHYR,

A full assortment of colors, for SHAWLS, SACQUES, HOODS, &c.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, WHITE GOODS AND LINENS, JACONET EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS, HAMBURG WORK, LACE AND EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, COLLARS AND CUFFS,

At Reduced Prices!

In our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT will be found a full line of STAPLE GOODS, NOTIONS and FANCY GOODS, to which we call the attention of Merchants, Peddlers and Dealers generally, AT LOWEST PRICES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 MARKET STREET.

and

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
SUPER ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new styles.
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

au13

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W.T. SHANNON. J.G. STEPHENSON

1e29

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

All business with the Corporation of Hilldale Cemetery, of date anterior to FIRST OF APRIL, 1867, and remaining unsettled, will be attended to at my office, No. 19 IRWIN ST., second floor.

JOHN SEMPLE.

jy19:d13

ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.

WILLIAMSON'S DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

☞ The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. le28:m72

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKES and FRUIT.

☞ FRESH BREAD morning and evening.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA, OYSTERS, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

☞ Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. le18:n

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c.,

furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

le28:m8

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and

LADIES' ORDINARY.

☞ 209 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty. my27:n99

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. B. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TUSPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy28:n19

F. B. HUTCHINSON.....R. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 88 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

my14:n197 Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.

McCOWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap15:n38

HATS, CAPS, &c.

NEW FALL GOODS,

JUST RECEIVING, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

No. 131 Wood St.

A very large stock of

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

All the new styles for the FALL SALES, selling at THE LOWEST PRICES. au13

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

In the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as they can be "expressed." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively. au17:n46

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. B. BARR. HEN. TH. KNAKE. W.L. BUETTLER

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞ Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. au17:n66

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone, the most powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. au8

LIVERY STABLES.

MERCHANTS' LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

J. W. NICHOLSON, PROPRIETOR.

NOS. 141 AND 143 THIRD STREET,

(Opposite Merchants' Hotel.)

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearses and Carriages for funerals.

Horses kept at livery my8:y45

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and Sale STABLES,

Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, Burial Cases, at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Formby and Hemlock streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Engines for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the most prompt manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my3:y62

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Red Lion Yard to No. 3 CHARLES STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel. Third street, north and Lamb Horse Hotel. Third street, north and Lamb Horses affected with lameness, or any infectious disease, admitted, but every attention paid to them at the owner's stable. DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINIMENT, as used by all the best Veterinary Colleges in Europe, will unfailingly cure all Sores, Wind or Saddle Galls, Sore Shoulder, Sprains or Cuts, and will also relieve the worst Lameness. It may be had in bottles, at his office. Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, St. Charles Stables, Hexagon or the address, St. Charles Hotel, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel. le7:n56

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East Lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and training horses; and, with the assistance of Miss M. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of Liberty and East Lane, Allegheny City) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Before, by permission, to the following gentlemen: J. F. Hamilton, Wm. S. Haslett, John Stirk, M. D., D. S. Evans. le24:n79

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN M'GRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

45 WOOD STREET,

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipe Trimmings always on hand. my27:n

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

le6:n56

The Pittsburgh Gazette

LETTER LISTS.

Published by Authority.

List of Uncalled For Letters Remaining in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Postoffices, August 17th, 1867.

PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

[As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

A
Abis J
Adams S
Adams H L
Agnew John
Achison W J R
Ahlenkand E J
Ames Prof
Allen Chas
Allen Geo A
Allen J C W
Anderson W
Arthur Benj'l
Acheson Wm
Alford C
Atkinson A B
Ayres Watson

B
Bachelor Ed
Baumann Alex
Barclay S J
Barker J D
Beckett P
Beggs & Linday
Bennett H
Bennett R E
Bell H L
Bell's G
Beeson A C
Bigs Wm H
Bick W A
Blakely Jog
Blair Major
Boger T J
Boorock E
Brown F H
Brown C
Brent Isaiah
Boush Isaac
Burcline Alf
Burntner Geo
Burg John
Burns Frank
Byrne J (for'n)
Barry Jacob

C
Cain Andrew
Calahan John
Campbell J R
Campbell D J
Cazudd Aaron
Caven Chas
Carton E F
Casey James
Chance Geo
Coburg J s
Clifford Wm
Collins Dennis
Cook Robert
Cook C O
Copeland Wm
Cundon J W
Copeland M
Croll Frank
Crosby John
Cramer R
Crawford R
Crawford John

D
Davis Jer L
Davidson R
Daizell J B
Dean John P
Dean & Co J
Dirting P J
Dillon James
Dillon Chas B
Donelson Jas
Donohue Pat
Drake F N
Duff John
Dunigon Jason
Dunn W S
Duncan dr T J

Egan Michael
Egbert & Patterson
Edwards Thos
Escott Dick
Evers Martin
Ewing Dr A W

F
Fawbull Geo
Farben W H
Fahey Pat
Fannery C C
Fitzsimmons T
Fitzsimmons J
Fleshmann Geo
Fitzpatrick W
Flinn W O
Fogarty Thos
Fulton A K

Gallaher T A
Garland J B
Garland John
Garside Jas
Gaston Jas
Gilson P
Gill David
Gould's Wm

Gordon John O
Graham Wm
Gray W m
Grant W D
Gurvaley John
Griffin M
Gadd John

H
Hall H G
Hagy Jas
Hamlin Jas
Hammond J J
Hahlen Chas
Harl Wm
Harper J V L
Hannegan G H
Hagarty M
Hackett Wm
Hefty B
Hill Chas
Home W S
Hollis W R
Hourday W C
Holt Eli
Houston Robt
Herbhart & Co

I
Irvin Julia A

J
Jackson M A 2
John Annie
Jones Jane

K
Keene Priscilla
Kennedy J L
Kelly
Leonard Mary
Linsley Mrs

M
Marshall G Mrs
Martin J Y Mrs
Moore Annie M
McConnell M
McCully Ann
McGee Sallie
McGarven S
McHenry Cath
McKelvey L

North Sarah C

O
Olegar Smith

J. H. McCLELLAND, Postmaster.

Grogan Michl
Ulass P

H
Harkins Kate
Hamilton D C
Hunter G W
Hough Sam S 2
Hess Jacob
Hadsip Jas
Horton Thos E
Hiles Wm B 2
Harvey Wm
Hulsh Wm

I
Irwin Wm N

J
Jewet Henj
Jackson Susan
Johnson Mary

Kenly Edward
Keagy H Henry
Kane J Dr

L
Long Annie
Lution Benj
Lyle Capt
Lawrence E
Lafferty Ellen A
Lewis Sup
Lewis S P
Lauber Jas

M
Matthews A R
Mitchell Jas
Milligan E
Myers S

Morrison J
Megraw M S 2
Miller Sally
Stalck M
May E J

Mc
McCormick A
McDonald A
McQuchenn E
McClintock Cpt
McElwain S
McConnel J G
McClure Jas
McFarland Jas
McClelland R
McManes Jno
McKenney W
McCandless Mary
McClarren
McKenna
McCabe M O
McCarthan Mr

Nowell M
Neshit Jennie

O
Orrotin Lmer

P
Pierson M E
Parks Jas
Potter Sarah
Preston Sarah
Pritchard F
Pettit Elzie

R
Ramsey John
Ross Jno
Ross Martin
Ray Mary
Ryan Mary
Rosenthiel S

S
Scott P
Scott Moses
Sharp
Semple A
Seaman Nick
Shrimp Mr
Shaner Wm N
Shields Wm
Spotsman
Shearer Davy
Sherman (for)
Simpson Mr
Smith Jno J (forn)
smith C C
Smith Gerard
Smith Jas
Spear Jas P
Steele Wm (for)
Steele Capt
Stewart Jas
Stewart Wm
Stewart Mary
Stewart Annie

T
Thompson Cath
Thompson
Vance Lizzie A
Vogel Wm

W
Ward Wm Mrs
Wells Virginia
Welsh Jennie
Wilson Mr Finders' Mast's Asst
Wboolry S A
Whipple Mary F
Woods Mary
Wylie Laura

Ziller J Mrs

UNION.

Kearns Hugh
Kelly Pat
Kopp Louis Wm
Kuhn Geo H

L
Lahey E D
Laird Robt
Lamb Pat
Lane, Lampas & Co
Lazarus Mr
Lauder Geo 2
Lovel John
Leech Jno
Link Jno
Linn S 2
Lorentz & Co W
Longhead John
Lounge & Graham
Love Andrew
Lyons J W
Lusk H A

M
Maccmes Mr
Madison Chas
Magorlan Jas
Masden F
Magee E G
Marks M
Maines J G
May James
Manor Wm
Merriman Fred
Missinger Wm
Miller J Ross
Mitchell Cambell & Co
Morgan T R 2
Morgan Pat
Morgan Rich
Moore John
Moore Quincy
Murphy Wm
Murray Rev J
Myer & Moay
Mollnix Rev W
Mullen Conner
Mulhollen Wm
Murkie Jno
Mulligan J J

Mc
McAleer & Black
McBride Mitch'l
Mcclintock J S
McElmeny Jos
McVerron M L
Mctowan alex
Mcginnis W G
McGrath Jas
McKelvey Jas
M. Kulgat J W
McKeever Jno
McKee wm
McLaughlin W
McMurray Jas
Mcdurray Jas Jr

N
Nelson Thos
Needham O
Nevin Jno (for
Nagle W
Nichols Richd
Nicholson Wm

O
Otty Fergus
Overton C
O'Connell Thos
O'Conner Mich
O'Donnell Jas
O'Neil R
O'Neil Michael

P
Painter C M
Parks & Lee
Pascher Henry
Pinkerton
Plummer

Q
Quigg & Co

R
Pillow Wm J
Potts Robt s
Pomeroy K G
Potter M

Quinn Ad (for)

Rea S H
Reno Jos
Reams & Co
Richards Wm
Rivets Charley
Rhodes
Rice Solomon
Rogers R S
Robinson Noah

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867,

All other issues, including all series of 7-30's, 6's of 1881, 5-20's of 1862, 5-20's of 1864, 5-20's of 1865, and Compound Interest Notes.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

mh14:v38

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, August 16, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 140¾; Eighty-one bonds, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 113¾; Five Twenties, 1864 107¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 110¾; Consols 103½; Seven Thirties, 107⅜@107½; Ten Forties, 102¾. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 70¾. Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 86; Chicago and Rock Island, 103¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 46¾; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 70¼. Fort Wayne Railroad, 105; Michigan Southern Railroad, 81¾; New York Central, 108. Reading, 104¾; Western Union Telegraph Co., 48¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,10; Gregory, 6,60; Quartz Hill, 1,90; Smith & Paramalee, 5,40; Quicksilver, 3¼.

Closing New York quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

U. S. 6-20s, 1862	113¾
" " 1864	109½
" " 1865	110¾
" " 1867	108¾
" 10-40s	102¾
" Consols	103½
August 7-30s	107½
June 7-30s	107½
July 7-30s	107½
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117¾
Gold	140¾
Silver	133½

—The most careful examination of the books of the Treasury Department at Washington thus far fails to show the overissue of a single dollar of currency or bonds. The repeated "starving disclosures" are wholly unfounded, and it is to be regretted that their authors cannot be placed in the Penitentiary.

—The extension of thirty days to holders of August Seven Thirties has probably been made to accommodate the Treasury, which is unable to furnish small bonds. As the funding of the $481,000,000 of Seven Thirties properly precedes permanent resumption, the Treasury should at once reserve its arrangements by which funding of the second and third issues can be made without cost of transportation, and in addition give to brokers and bankers the extreme commission authorized by law. Funding must proceed at the rate of $41,000,000 per month to clear the calendar of Seven Thirties on the 15th of July, 1868. If an effort to pay transportation on Seven Thirties to be funded does not attract them fast enough, an additional stimulus should be given by offering for six months to holders of Seven Thirties an absolute twenty year six per cent. bond, a proposal which would in a short time place the Treasury where no obligation against it calling for currency at maturity would remain. The plain legal tenders must be made equal to gold at the earliest possible period, and to reduce them to an amount where gold can be offered for them, any bond should be offered for Seven Thirties the law allows. In the most active agent in reducing the premium on gold would be a money market at 7 per cent. on call on government stocks. This rate will move the crop of 1867 with proper dispatch, and put prices where the produce of our fields would pay for our importations.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—The largest amount of wheat exported from the United States to England in the last ten years was in 1861, when it amounted to 10,966,991 cwt., and the smallest was in 1866, when it amounted to only 635,239 cwt.—the average for ten years being about four and a quarter millions cwt. These figures show that though our wheat exports is a matter of great importance as determining price, it is not of so much consequence in paying our foreign debts. While our cotton export frequently exceeds two hundred millions of dollars in value, our wheat supplies rarely net more than twenty million dollars.

—The New York *Times*, of Thursday, says: It was reported on the street that the August traffic is increasing on nearly all the roads, including about $50,000 for the first week on the New York Central, and further, that the Pennsylvania Central, Fort Wayne and New York Central had successfully, through Mr. Sloan, convened a friendly conference with the Erie managers, for the renewal of all bonds, upon which the latter attempted a week or two ago to break up the rates of business on the trunk lines. As it is found no such sweeping purpose was promoted by this threat, it is fair to presume that the difficulty, whatever it may be will now be accommodated.

PITTSBURGH METAL AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, August 16, 1867.

The market for Metal has been fairly active during the past week, and while the sales, in the aggregate, are not quite as large as those of last week, prices are firm and well maintained. The majority of the mills are undergoing repairs at present, but it is likely that the most of them will start up again within a short time, and many of the mill owners have been, and are still buying metal so as to have a fair stock upon starting up. There is also a continued fair demand for desirable brands of Foundry irons at stiffening prices. The sales were:

SITUKINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

100 tons	common Grey Forge	$40 00—4 mos
200 "	No. 1	40 00 "
300 "	White and Mottled Lavrorite brand	41 00 "
100 "	Open Grey	42 50 "
100 "	Open Grey	42 00—60 ds
100 "	Open Gray	42 50—6 mos

70 tons	Neutral Forge	$44 00— cash
250 "	No. 1	42 00 "
30 "	No. 1 Foundry	47 00 "
30 "	No 2 Foundry	45 00 "
30 "	No. 2 Foundry	43 00 "
100 "	White	38 50—4 mos
100 "	No. 3 Neutral	42 00 "
100 "	No. 1 Neutral	45 00 "
50 "	No. 2 Neutral	45 00 "

CHARCOAL.

150 tons	No. 1 H. R. Foundry	$55 00— time
100 "	No. 2 H. Foundry	46 00— time
100 "	Cold Blast Forge	p. t.
100 "	No. 2 Car Wheel Iron	50 00— cash
50 "	No. 2 Steel	45 00—4 mos

COKE.

100 tons	Allegheny River Coke	$39 00— time
100 "	Red Bank	40 00—6 mos
200 "	Allegheny River	40 00—6 mos

BLOOMS.

20 tons	No. 1 Juniata	$100 00—4 mos
200 "	Champlain Billets	p. t.

IRON AND NAILS.

The following are the card rates for nails and manufactured iron, corrected up to date:

FRIDAY, August 16, 1867.

Common Bar sizes	4½
Horse Shoe	6
Heavy Band	5½@6
Hoop and Light Band	5½@10¼
Round and Square	4½@5
Sheet-Iron, 19 to 17	6¾
" " 18 to 24	7
" " 25 to 26	7¾
" " 27	8¼
Plate Iron	6¾
Flat Rails	5 @ 6½
T. Rail, 16 and 20 lbs	5 @ 5½
Nail Rods	11

NAILS.

10d to 6d Nails		2d	8 50
Fencing	and	3d flue	8 50
Brads	$6 25	3d flue	8 50
8d and 9d	6 50	¾ in lining	10 00
6d and 7d	6 75	Clinch	7 75
4d and 5d	7 00	Cut Spikes	6 50
30	7 50		

Casing Nails—6d, $7,25; 8d, $7,00; 10d, $6,75 12d, $6,75; 16d, $6,25.

Finishing Nails—6d, $7,75; 8d, $7,50; 10d, $7,25; 12d, $7,25; 16d, $7,25.

Barrel Nails—¾ inch, $9,00; 1 inch, $8,25; 1¼ inch, $7,50; 1½ inch, $7,00; 1¾ inch, $7,00.

Tobacco Nails—6d, $7,00; 8d, 6,75; 10d, $6,50.

ABATEMENT—12½c per keg off, in lots of 100 kegs and upwards.

TERMS—Note or acceptance at 60 days, with exchange on New York, or a discount of 8 per cent. for cash, if remitted on receipt of invoice. Payments to be made in New York Exchange, U. S. Treasury Notes or their equivalent. No discount on bills of less amount than fifty dollars.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 16.—Dry Goods market not very active; still the demand is increasing, notwithstanding the very unfavorable weather, and some sales in certain classes of goods are being made. The market on the whole is strong, with a tendency toward hardening prices, although it is not yet apparently noticeable among jobbers. All low priced brown and bleached Muslins, especially the latter, are about ½c higher. Prints are more active and firm at 14@16 for best makes. Print Cloths are held higher and firm at 9¼. Delaines offered more freely at 23 net. Alpaccas, Coburgs, all stuff goods and Italian cloths are quiet and firm, and are Silks, which are getting scarce and looking up.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 16.—Weather—clear and warm. Flour active and firm. Wheat less active; No. 1 spring $1,88@1,90; No. 2 $1,81, closing steady. Corn active and easier, closing quiet at 97½@97¾c for No. 1 and 96@96c for No. 2. Oats active; 37½@38c for No. 1 and 37@37½c for No. 2. Rye 5@6c higher, $1,05@1,11, closing steady at outside prices. Provisions dull and unchanged. Receipts—3,900 bbls. flour, 71,000 bus. wheat, 117,000 bus. corn, and 66,000 bus. oats. Shipments—3,900 bbls. flour, 37,000 bus. wheat, 36,000 bus. corn and 44,000 bus. oats.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 140¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 16, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money quiet and easy at 3@5 per cent. Sterling dull at 9½@9¾. Gold a shade higher, opening 140¾, and 140¾.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government Stocks without any decided change, Coupons '81, 111¾; do '82, 113¾; do '64, 110; do '65, 110¾; 7-30s 107⅜@107½.

STOCKS.

Stocks dull and heavy.

5-20 prices—Ohio Certificates, 27½@27¾; Canton 48¾@49; Cumberland 39@39½; Quicksilver 3½@3¾; Mariposa 10¾@11; Western Union 42½@43¾; Pacific Mail 146¾@147; Atlantic Mail 112@112½; New York Central 105½@105¾; Erie 70¾@70¾; Hudson 128¾@128¾; Reading 104½@104¾; Michigan Central 119@119¾; Michigan Southern 82@82½; Illinois Central 119¾@119¾; Pittsburgh 86¾@86¾; Toledo 125@125½; Rock Island 103½@103¾; Northwestern 46½; do preferred 69¾@70; Fort Wayne 106@106; Wabash 101@102; Missouri 6s 103½; Tennessee ex-coupons 68; do new 65¾; Wells & Fargo 66¾; American 13; Adams 74¾; Merchants Union 18; United States, 74@75.

MINING SHARES

Are better. Mydas, 820; Davidson, 2@205; Eldorado, 280; Edge Hill, 250@290; Quartz Hill, 1,00; Corydon, 1,12; Seminoleder, 12; Gregory, 6,00; Smith & Parmelee, 525@540.

SUB-TREASURY

Receipts, $3,250,320. Payments, $1,032,453. Balance, $138,504,732.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 16.—Cotton firm and unchanged; receipts 850 bales; receipts for the week 1008; exports 4620; stock 22,937 bales. Sugar and Molasses unchanged and dull. Corn dull and declined 2@3c; mixed at $1,10; white $1,15. Oats firm and active at 60c. Pork; 300 bbls sold from landing in lots at $29,75. Bacon shoulders at 15½@15¾c; clear sides at 17@20c; sugar cured hams at 21@21½c. Lard in tierces at 14½@14¾c. Gold 139¾@140. The first bale of cotton ginned, middling, sold at 33½c.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 16.—Beef cattle 10@15c lower; $6,35@7,15 for good to choice shipping. Hogs quiet and 5@10c lower; $5,25@5,85 for common to good smooth. Sheep active, $4@4,62½. Receipts—3,500 hogs.

Oswego Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OSWEGO, August 13.—Flour steady. Wheat firm but quiet; amber $2,05, white Michigan $2,40. Corn dull, Illinois $1,05@1,05. Other grains quiet.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 16—620 bgs malt, Carson, Darlington & Co; 8 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 1 coil rope, Fulton, Hollinshead & Co; 20 bxs starch, S Cooper; 40 do do, E H Myers & Co; 1150 bloomsiron, Singer, Nimick & Co; 144 do do, Park, Bro & Co; 1 bx cream tartar, 1 do pepper, 1 saddle tobacco, 1 bbl hams, J S Dilworth & Co; 165 sks corn, J Glenn; 30 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 2 bbls eggs, Russell & Son; 6 bbls apples, S Ilgen; 4 do do, 1 do pears, J Herbert; 6 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 4 rolls leather, W F McLaughlin; 74 sks oats, W J Meek; 2 bbls vinegar, H Gerwig & Co; 10 do do oil, J Gallagher; 350 bush oats, Campbell & Brown; 1 cask 1 bx bacon, Fetzer & Armstrong; 10 bbls apples, H Riddle; 10 do do do, W J Steel & Bro; 3 bbls eggs, 1 half bbl do, 11 sks oats, 7 kgs butter, Head & Metzgar; 43 sks oats, South & Allen; 44 bbls oil, W Wilson; 207 oil bbls, J Graham; 8 pcs 1 bbl copper, C G Hussey & Co; 1 car fire brick, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Park McCandy & Co.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R.R., August 16—9 cars metal, Nimick & Co, 8 do do, Lewis, Bailey & Daizell; 8 bales tow, Lemon & Wimer; 10 bbls flour, Culp & Shepard; 1 ear middlings, P Schott; 250 pigs lead, B F Fahnestock & Co; 42 bgs oats, Scott & Gisal; 13 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 3 bbls eggs, H White and Arkansas river line. Steamer Scioto 17 bxs cheese, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 1 bbl tar, Shriver, Spencer & Co; 1 doz brooms, H Gerwig & Co; 8 sacks hunt peats, H Rea; 10 bbls lard, Mantle, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 1 bbl eggs, W J Steel & Bro; 3 bdls hides, Pupp, Baker & Co; 18 bxs cheese, Hess & Metzger; 20 do do, Shriver, Spencer & Co; 20 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 30 do do, Smith, Johnston & Colvin; 324 eollons whiskey, M Nehan; 675 do do, D Seltzer; 50 do do, G C Hageman; 180 do do, J H Rusrinkle; 200 do do, F Weihg; 50 bbls flour, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 100 do do, Hughes, Lippincott & Bakewell; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R.R., August 16—119 sks oats, 35 do barley, Bricker & Co; 25 bales cotton, A H Childs & Co; 20 do do, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 200 sks corn, Scott & Gisal; 1 car corn, Hitchcock, McIlreery & Co; 1 car shingles, Hastings & Co; 1 do do, Wade & Wright; 74 bbls flour, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 40 do apples, owner; 2 bbls pears, Wm Graham & Co; 2 bbls oats, F Shields; 10 do corn, 68 do oats, McHenry & Hood; 420 bush rye, J & W Fairley; 30 bbls hickory, 25 do oak, D D Childs & Co; 1 do tobacco, John Grier; 7 bbls flour, Stewart & Langenheim; 1 sack feathers, T O Morgan; 90 saddle trees, Newmeyer, Gore & Co; 1 bbl whisky, Jos Bryar; 20 kegs larger beer, Fred Andregg; 15 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 67 do corn, H do oats, Meanor & Harper; 16 do corn, Sturgeon & Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD August 15—720 sks oats, Scott & Gisal; 13 pkgs butter, 1 bx eggs, Bonig, Hill & Co; 3 sks wool, 1 bgge pears, 1 do eggs, lot butter, A B Copeland; 1 bx butter, 1 do eggs, J Sohl; 1 bx butter, P Blumer; 2 cars clay, S M Kier & Co; 40 pcs lumber, Nimick & Co; 1 car fire brick, Johnston, Taylor & Co; 40 bgs rye, Alex Turner; 13 bbls flour, James Gardner; 1 car hay, Long Bros; 1 car lumber, Johnson; 2 pkgs do, 1 do eggs, Jas White; 16 pkgs butter, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 2 pkgs butter and eggs, S M & F Hall; 6 do do, D Miller; 4 do do, H Rabe; 3 do do, J Stuart; 1 bx butter, J Seibert.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 16—180 sks oats, 32 H Scott; 1 car lumber, Rafferty & Robertson; 2 bbls eggs, A Emanuel; 2 do do, J Garber; 10 do do, H Lenz; 1 do do, 12 bgs oats, J Kohen & Bro; 1 do tobacco, 1 bbl hams, 1 do do eggs, F Beckert; 1 do do, 1 do onions, 47 do apples, Owens & Kennedy; 1 car wheat, Moore & Co; 23 bbls flour, Meaner & Roberts; 1 car lumber, McCurdy & McKinniss; 20 bbls lime, J Craig; 38 bbls flour, Shulz & Danner; 1 car feed, Stewart & Langenheim; 14 hides, Lappe & Weise.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., August 15—1 car sand, Ihmsen & Sons; 2 do do, Walker, Watt & Co; 1 do do, D H Chambers; 1 do charcoal, Singer, Nimick & Co; 60 bbls cement, C B Leech; 210 flour bbls, W Mc-Cleave; 55 do do, Scott & Gisal; 100 bbls flour, Boilman & Co; 104 sks wheat, Gwynne & Stoneman; 1 car tan bark, Lappe & Weise; 10t old iron, G Harnes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. apl8-ad

HORSES FOR SALE, AT

Howard's Livery Stable,

FIRST STREET, near Monongahela House.

One HORSE, very gentle to drive; will no scare at locomotive. One good driving MARE, fast to trot. One cheap work MARE, for sale low. Horses bought and sold on commission.

DAULER, CLOSB & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers

COR. PENN AND WAYNE STS

Latest styles of FURNITURE constantly hand.

HIGHEST PREMIUM

GOLD MEDAL

AWARDED THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine,

At the GREAT PARIS EXPOSITION, June 28, 1867 after a very long and thorough examination of all the principal Machines of the world—the Committee of Award being composed of the most competent and impartial judges.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

No. 47 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

jy4:60

WM. MARDORF & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

BROOMS,

Broom Brush and Broom Findings.

Factory and Warehouse, in the rear of Schomaker & Lang's,

Nos. 172 and 174 Wood Sts., Pittsburgh.

ap19:x72

A. YOUNG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants in

FLOUR, FEED,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

No. 555 Penn St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my22:6

SIGN OF BLINDS.—JOHN A BROWN & CO., 116 SMITHFIELD STREET opposite the Postoffice, keep on hand, or make promptly to order, a variety of elegant Venetian Blinds—price $6.00 and upwards. New style Window Shades, $1,50 and upwards. Colored Oil Cloths, Buff, Enameled, Manilla, Hemp, Canvas, Blind and Picture Cords and Tassels. Also on the same store, on hand or made to order, a fine stock of White and Calico Shirts, Collars, &c., for gentlemen's wear. mh2:w3

THE QUEEN OF THE WASH-ERS.—The Steele Right for Maryland, with PATENT WASHING FLUID,

Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms. J. K. HAMILTON,

jy18:tf 133 Third street.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, &c.

112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. le28

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.— Just received.

400	boxes, 40 lb., Pearl starch;	
200	" 60 lb., do.	
100	" Corn "	
90	" Silver Gloss Starch.	

For sale low to the trade by the agents,

SCHOMAKER & LANG,

Wood street.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT ASSOCIATION BUILDING, Nos. 8 and 9 ST. CLAIR STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Special attention given to the designing and building of Court Houses and Jails. mh21:m

R. P. GETTY,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Jonson-Neal's Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 124 Northeast corner of Ohio street and the Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my24:ad

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRING-ER.—The best and only Wringer that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. For sale by the sole agents for Allegheny county.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

aug 28 and 28 St. Clair street.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles, colors and sizes; also, Buff Holland, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, wholesale and retail, by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

aug 28 and 28 St. Clair street.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, August 16.—Tobacco active and firm, except for medium and lower grades which are rather easier. Nothing done in cotton and hemp. Flour; holders very firm and buyers standing off; transactions light; extra $8@8,50; double do $9@10,65; trible do $11@11,40; choice and fancy $12@15. Wheat steady for choice and fancy grades, which are scarce; sales of choice and fancy red and white at $2,30@2,35; prime fall $2,10@2,15; good to prime choice spring $1,90@1,95. Corn firmer but unchanged; white 90c@$1,02; yellow 90@95c. Oats 2@3c higher, at 35@36c. Barley spring $1. Rye 85@90c. Provisions unchanged. Lard, 13¼@13½c for choice keg. Whisky very firm at $2,05; free held higher. Receipts—Flour 3,325 barrels; wheat, 8,912 sacks; corn 2,826 bush; oats 888 bush; rye 3,900 bush; barley 42 bush. Weather dry and and warm.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 16.—Rio Coffee is 9¾@ 9¾c, gold bond. Wheat, prime, has advanced 5c; sales at $2,00@2,05. Corn, small sales at $1,10@1,15 for white; yellow $1,16. Oats, active and steady at 70@73c per bu. Flour, Ohio, superfine $9,50. Provisions, no large sales. A good jobbing demand for Bacon, and prices are steady at 13@16c for shoulders; 18@19½c for sides; 19@19¾c for clear ribbed sides. Lard, western, 15½c per lb. Sugars quiet.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 16.—Sales 169 hhds. Tobacco; lugs to medium leaf, $4,62@16,25. Flour firmer; superfine, $7,00; No. 1, $10,75. Wheat, $1,85@2,10 for red and white. Corn, shelled, 97c delivered, or 82@83c in bulk; sales new bulk at 55c for mess. Pork, $24. Bacon; shoulders, 13½@14c; clear sides, 15¼c; fancy hams, 19½c packed. Lard, tierces 12½@12¾c. Whisky nominal. Cotton, 24@ 25c.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 16.—Flour dull and unchanged; no sales. Corn active and firm; sales of 14,000 bu of No. mixed western $1,00. Oats quiet and 2@3 lower. Rye none offered. Barley market nominal. High wines unchanged. Mess Pork steady. Lard unchanged. Receipts—wheat 2,000 bushels; corn 38,000 do; rye 15,000 do; flour 14,000 barrels. Shipments—14,000 bushels wheat; 146,000 do corn.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, August 16.—Cotton quiet, at 27@28c. Exports for the week, 932 bales; receipts—422 bales. Flour—$9,00@9,50; Double Extra, $11,00@11,50. Corn dull, at $1,05@1,10. Oats—Choice, $62,70@65,00. Oats, $2,00@2,05. Pork, $25,50@26,00. Bacon—Shoulders, 13½@ 14c; Clear sides, 16@17c. Lard, 13½@14c.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 16.—Petroleum dull; Crude 16½c. Refined in bond 26½@ 27½c. Flour quiet. Wheat steady; new red $2,28@2,35. Rye $1,30@1,35 for new. Corn firm; sales of 1,000 bus mixed western at $1,08@1,18. Oats are steady. Groceries unchanged.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, August 16.—Flour firm and active; $10,75 for double extra. Spring wheat 1@2c lower; $1,90 for No. 1. Corn dull; 90c. Receipts—300 bbls. flour, 11,000 bus. wheat. Shipments—2,100 bbls. flour; no wheat.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. apl:ps49

RIVER NEWS.

The party under Captain Roberts, engaged in making a survey of the Ohio river, under the direction of War Department, are rapidly completing the work on the Upper Ohio, and are expected at Louisville this month. The boat has nearly reached Cincinnati.

The New York, from Cincinnati, reached Cairo on the 10th, bound for St. Louis. She had very hard work rubbing over bars, but could not run 'em out. She reports the Champion still fast at Walker's bar. The Louisville, after resting two days at Shawneetown bar, was compelled to give it up, and worked off into deep water above the bar, and laid up to await a rise or the cutting out of the channel.

The Pauline Carroll. Great Republic and Shark, the latter a towboat, were all due at New Orleans last Saturday from St. Louis. The Great Republic was aground two hours at Bulletin bar, above Memphis and rubbed hard at President's Island. She is drawing "mark twain," and that is all the water other steamers report in the river.

NOW AND THEN.—In 1824 Capt. Orrin Smith, who now lives in Otsigna, ascended the Mississippi in a batteau from St. Louis to Galena, and was forty days making the trip. He immediately commenced running a boat from Galena to St. Paul, which was about the first regular packet in the trade, from which grew the Minnesota Packet Company, which for many years after controlled the river trade in that section. In 1844 there were forty arrivals at St. Paul, which has steadily increased from time to time until they have reached fully one thousand. Thus it is that the

"Arts have every wild explored,
Traced every wave, and cultivated every house."

A small steamer has been built in New York her length being fifty feet and her tonnage twenty-four tons. The smallness of this steamer is not the wonder connected with her, but it is the fact that she is to be sent to San Francisco, California, taken around Cape Horn, and she is expected to make the passage by the use of sails. Her engine is ten horse power, and she can carry fifteen day's fuel. She cost nine thousand dollars, and is to be used as a family pleasure boat in the Bay of San Francisco.

Captain Stant Batchelor, of the Alice Dean, is "rusticating" at Indianapolis. We take the following from the *Herald* of Tuesday:

"THE RULING PASSION STRONG IN DEATH.—Yesterday morning we espied our old friend Captain Batchelor, of the Alice Dean, standing on the bank of White River Canal, gazing on the placid waters, as much as to say, 'Wonder where I could make a landing here?' We kindly volunteered to tow him into port, when we accomplished without an accident, and after arriving safely smiled with him. May his stay in Indianapolis be a pleasant one."

The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Thursday, has the following: The Ella Rees now withdraws from the Portsmouth trade. We heard it stated that Captain Rees would load her for St. Louis. The owners of the Fire King contemplated a trip to Jeffersonville with her, but failed to give the citizens of that place an opportunity of observing for themselves the advantages of petroleum for fuel over all other kinds. It is possible a small party of gentlemen and ladies may be invited to make the trip on board of her. The Messenger, from New Orleans, should be at the wharf this morning.

LOUISVILLE, August 14.—The river has fallen nine inches. There are two feet nine inches in the canal, and three feet on the Portland bar. The Steamers St. Charles and Liberty No. 2 will probably be put in the Louisville, Ruddles' Mills and Arkansas river line. Weather 17 morning, and cloudy in part. Thermometer 84.

ST. LOUIS, August 14.—Austin, a steamboat agent, bought half the David Hess for $9,000. She enters the Upper Mississippi. The Tom Jasper arrived this morning. A spirited contest begins to-morrow between her and the Henry Johnston, in the Keokuk trade. It is rumored the Keokuk packets are prepared to spend $2,000 to oust the Quincy packet line. The Lizzie Gill comes off dock to-day—one of the largest New Orleans boats afloat. The Missouri Plate and Variety Company is shutting fast. The Little Rock and Zephyr, from Benton, will be here Saturday.

We clip the following from the St. Louis *Democrat*, of Thursday:

The impending contest between the Keokuk packet company and the Quincy packet company—the first an old and popular enterprise, and the latter young and vigorous, which recently be the sharpest exhibition of the kind seen for years upon this section of the great river. Many of our readers may remember, we think it was in 1850—the excitement that was witnessed in the St. Louis and Keokuk trade, when the present old company, of which C. McCune is now, as he was then, the active and able head, was running the Die Vernon, Lucy Bertram, and Jamestown, and these boats were opposed in hot competition by the Mary Stevens, Monongahela and New England. There was much excitement for a time, and it was indeed a stunning affair. But the superior metal of the old Keokuk line prevailed, and the Stevens, Monongahela and New England withdrew, and Commodore Kitchell. The Harry Johnston has been placed in commission for the task of straightening out the trade, and she is considered a proper boat for the job. Capt. Anson Phillips, one of the Keokuk line, took out the Johnston yesterday on a two hours run, accompanied by many of the owners of the line, and was highly pleased with her. She is one of the handsomest steamers of the light draft class, and is well found in complete order and worked charmingly